SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification of the material and supplier

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Product name	: Finish Ultimate All in One - Lemon Sparkle
SDS #	: D8387444 v1.0L
Formulation #	: FF3152539 v1.0
Supplier	: AUSTRALIA RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd ABN: 58 629 549 506 680 George St , Sydney, NSW 2000 Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000
	NEW ZEALAND RB (Hygiene Home) New Zealand Limited Company number: 7097753 2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna Auckland , New Zealand 0622 Tel: +64 9 484 1400
Poison Information contact:	: Australia - 13 11 26 New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON
Material uses	: Dishwashing Detergent for use in domestic automatic dishwashers.
UPC Code / Sizes	: Doypack

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

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Classification of the substance or mixture	:	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
HSNO Classification	:	6.3A 6.4A
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	WARNING
Hazard statements	:	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	1	Not applicable
Response	:	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	1	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
sodium carbonate	≥10 - ≤30	497-19-8
disodium carbonate, compound with hydrogen peroxide (2:3)	≥10 - <25	15630-89-4
Phosphonic acid, (1-hydroxyethylidene)bis-, sodium salt	≥10 - ≤15	29329-71-3
Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated	≤10	68439-49-6
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated propoxylated	≤5	68439-51-0
subtilisin	≤0.3	9014-01-1

Other Non-hazardous ingredients to 100%

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	-	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	-	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important sympt	toms/effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute healt	h effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs	s/symptoms	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	

Date of issue

: 01/06/2021

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 30°C (86°F). Daily average of 30° C. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control	parameters

Australia

Occupational exposure limits

None.

<u>New Zealand</u>

Occupational exposure limits

: No exposure standard allocated.

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2017). Absorbed through skin. WES-Ceiling: 0.00006 mg/m ³ , (measured as 100% pure crystalline enzyme)

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measu		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical produc eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations safety showers are close to the workstation location.	d. I clothing.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used wher assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be wo unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical s goggles.	s, mists, orn,
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standar be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manu check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may b different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consist several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	indicates ufacturer, s. It e ing of
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specia before handling this product.	
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should b selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and sho approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that me appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other in aspects of use.	to a
		nporta

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Date of issue		: 01/06/2021	Page: 5/10
Solubility	:	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.	
Relative density	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	1	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.	
Flash point	:	Not available.	
Boiling point	:	Not available.	
Melting point	:	Not available.	
рН		10.53 [Conc. (% w/w): 10%]	
Odor threshold	1	Not available.	
Odor	1	Not available.	
Color	1	Yellow. White. Red.	
Physical state	1	Solid.	
<u>Appearance</u>			

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	>55°C (>131°F)
Heat of reaction	:	<300 J/g
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
	Conditions of instability: Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Protect from moisture.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
subtilisin	LD50 Oral	Rat	3700 mg/kg	-
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
sodium carbonate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2800 mg/kg	-
disodium carbonate, compound with hydrogen peroxide (2:3)	LD50 Oral	Rat	1034 mg/kg	-
Phosphonic acid, (1-hydroxyethylidene)bis-, sodium salt	LD50 Oral	Rat	1100 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
subtilisin	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	3 milligrams	-
sodium carbonate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin –	: Based on Calculation Method: Causes skin irritation.
Eyes	: Based on Calculation Method: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Sensitization</u>	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Not available.	
	5
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity	<u>(single exposure)</u>
Not available.	
Specific target organ toxicity	(repeated exposure)
Not available.	
Aspiration hazard	
Not available.	
Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	. Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
-	
Symptoms related to the phys	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation watering
	redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation
to a set to a	redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Date of issue

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Delayed and immediate effect	ts a	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>></u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates				
Route	ATE value			
	4258.57 mg/kg 5666.3 mg/kg			

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
subtilisin	Acute EC50 23.78 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
sodium carbonate	Acute EC50 242000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 176000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 265000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 300000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum Crustaceans - Amphipoda Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
disodium carbonate, compound with hydrogen peroxide (2:3)	Acute EC50 70 mg/l	Algae - Chlorella emersonii	240 hours
	Acute EC50 4.9 mg/l Acute LC50 70.7 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia Pulex Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours
Phosphonic acid, (1-hydroxyethylidene)bis-, sodium salt	Acute EC50 >170 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Salmo gairdneri - Adult	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Date of issue

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Phosphonic acid, (1-hydroxyethylidene)bis-, sodium salt subtilisin	-3.5 -3.1	71 -	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

 Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : For long distance transport of bulk material or shrunk pallet take into consideration sections 7 and 10.

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons Not scheduled Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances No listed substance Australia inventory (AICS) : All components are listed or exempted. **New Zealand Inventory of** : All components are listed or exempted. Chemicals (NZIoC) **HSNO Group Standard** : Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard) **HSNO Approval Number** : HSR002530 **Approved Handler** : No. Requirement **Tracking Requirement** : No.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

Key to abbreviations	 ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations : 01/06/2021
revision	
Version	: 1.0L
Procedure used to derive t	he classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.